How to Support Crisis Management in Developing Countries in a time of Complex Threats and Disasters?

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Former Head, Federal Crisis Management Training (2007-2016) Swiss Federal Chancellery

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A World full of Crises?



Climate Change amplifies Natural Disasters



- → Broad range of increasing natural risks
- → Bigger impact: more people, more infrastructure, bigger disasters
- → Developing Countries need \$ support, but also **Best Practices**

Global Risks (WEF Global Risk Report 2018)



Top 5 Global Risks (Likelyhood)

Extreme Weather Events

Natural Disasters

Cyberattacks

Data Fraud or Theft

Failure of Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation

Top 5 Global Risks (Impact)

Weapons of Mass Destruction

Extreme Weather Events

Natural Disasters

Failure of Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation

Water Crisis

- → Developing Countries suffer most!
- How can we help them reduce suffering?

Technologica

Geopolitical

Environmental

Economic

Agenda

1. What are the Challenges of Complex Crises?

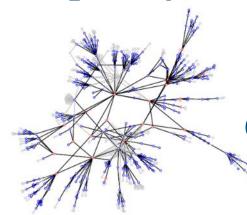
2. What are the Solutions?

3. How can we help Developing Countries improve their National Risk- and Crisis Management?

Challenges in National Crisis Management

Growing Complexity





Critical Infrastructure



Long-term Approach



Experts & Methods



Problem Nr. 1: New kinds of crises

Complex Systems /
Interdependencies /
Cascade effects

"Crisis after the crisis"

National government cannot decide individually, resources belong to partners

Creeping escalation from emergency to crisis

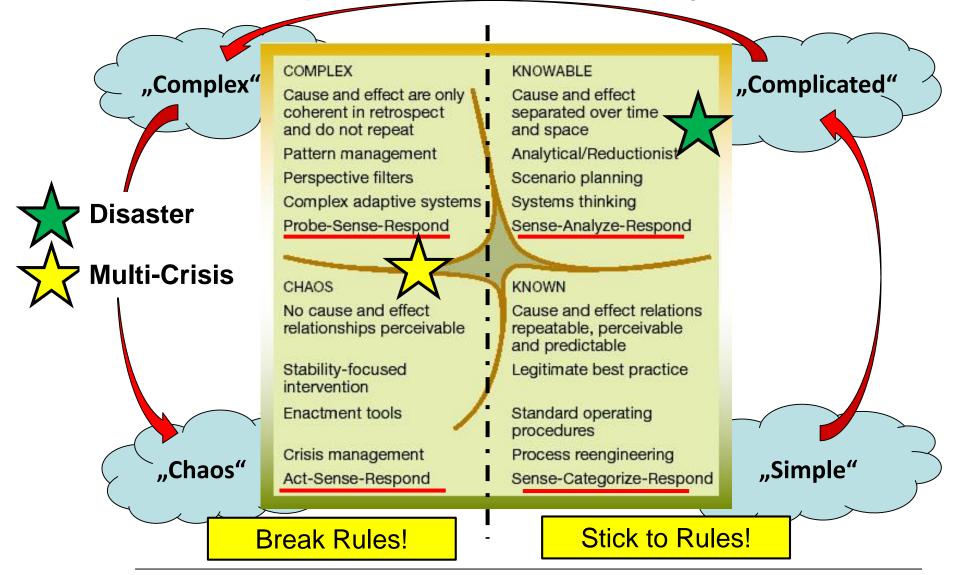
Never experienced, Contingency plans do not fit

Instant and worldwide media coverage

Operational crisis management and coordination is not enough! People are needed who can do strategic, Out-of-the-Box reflections.

Plan vs. reality: identify the difference rapidly!

Trend: complicated → complex Systems

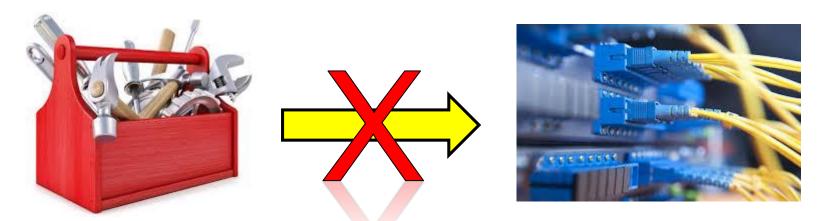


WCF Global Summit 2018, Geneva

Problems of complex crises...

Models and tools from the "complicated" world are applied to "complex" or even "chaotic" problems...

→Wrong "toolbox":



Problem Nr 2: Lack of Coordination in CM

Horizon Scanning

Early Warning

Risk Management

Business Continuity Management



Risk Communication

Crisis Management

Damage Limitation / Incident Management

Crisis
Communication

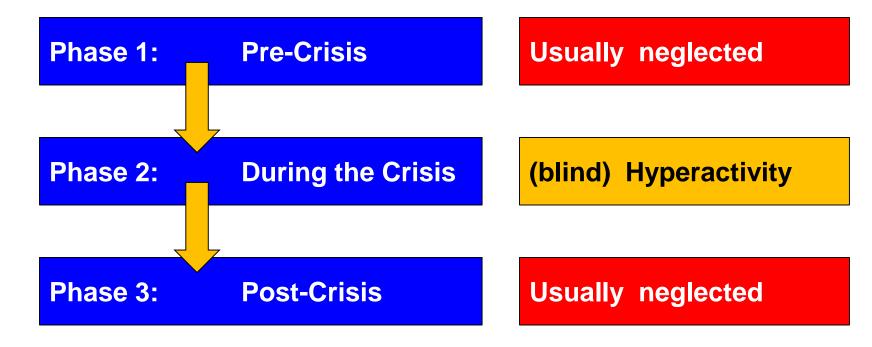
Actors have usually either:

Expertise, Resources or Mandate - But rarely all of them!

Lacking: the whole picture, clear interfaces, CM standards

Who is in charge? Every Office is a small «Kingdom»...

Problem Nr 3: Only Focus on Response



Before a Crisis → Improve Detection, Prevention, Resilience...

During a Crisis → Preparation, Training... saves you Time

After a Crisis → Lessons learned, Implement Measures...

Problem Nr 4: Increasing Number of Actors

(also inside a Government)

25 Federal Crisis Cells in Switz.! National Government

Regional Government

Local Government

Private Sector

Academia /

Academia / Think Tanks ?

Partner Nations

NGOs

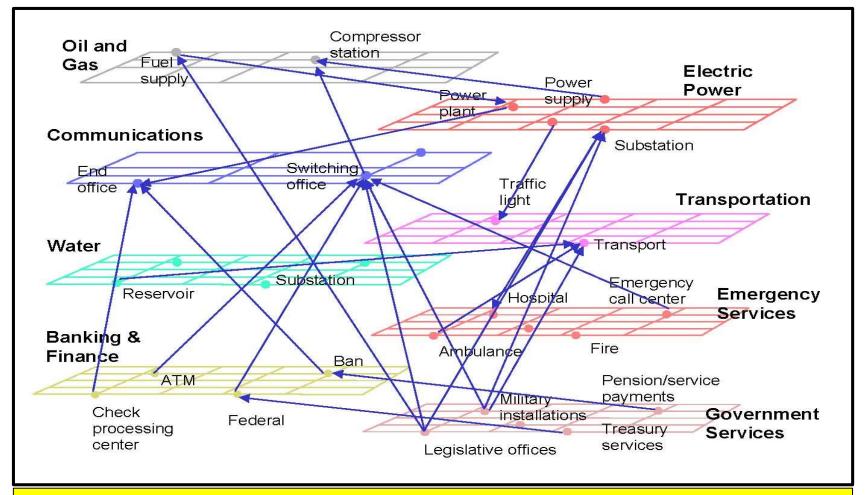
Population

Media

International Organizations

- → Create Networks, know your Partners, generate mutual Trust
- → Plan, Exercises and take Decisions together
- → Specialized crisis cells are silos → wrong approach for complex crises: put key staff of all concerned crisis cells in 1 room!

Problem Nr 5: Critical Infrastructures



Growing Interdependencies → Cascading Effects
(E.G.: Blackout, Pandemic, Earthquake)! Understand whole System!

Agenda

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2. What are the Solutions?

3. How can we help Developing Countries improve their National Risk- and Crisis Management?

New Approaches to face Challenges in CM

Developed for the Swiss Government 2007 – 2016:

- Understanding the essence of Complex Crises
 - over 1000 pages of research



Comprehensive Crisis Management Model

- Links foresight, risk management and crisis management

Crisis Early Detection und Understanding

- Service developed, set up and operated for the Swiss Cabinet

"Rapid Reflection Team"

- Set up and trained to support federal crisis cells

Scientific Crisis Advisory Group

- Concept developed and support unit established

Crisis Cell of the President

- Concept developed, established and tested in the strategic crisis exercises, with the President as head of the Crisis Cell (2013, 2017)

Tasks in Crisis Management (simplified)

Risk and Crisis Communication before / during / after a Crisis **National Risk Assessment and Crisis Management Support** Support President / Cabinet **Horizon Scanning (Early Recognition):** Support Crisis Cells / Task Force Develop Strategic Scenarios Handle IT-Tools used in Crisis Mgmt Identify Strategic Risks and Opportunities Provide situational picture • Propose long-term measures/to prevent or Input • Handle special requests mitigate Risk **Crisis Detection & Sense Making: Lessons Learned:** Which Crisis is developing? Debriefing, After Action Review Make Analyses and Contingency Plans Analyses, Case Studies Identify foreseeable Decisions & Options Lessons Learned Process Support Crisis Preparation of the concerned Make List of Corrective Measures Crisis Cells / Task Force (Optimize CM Improve Crisis Mgmt System System, organize Conferences & Exercises Feedback. Lessons Learned Development / Intensity of a Crisis (simplified) **Decades** Years **Months** Days **Months**

Crisis cell vs. Rapid Reflection Team



Rapid Reflection Team:

- Group of 5 10 people
- Integration of diverse perspectives and backgrounds
- Creativity, Out-of-the-Box thinking, no taboos

Rapid Reflection Team – Lead Questions

- 1. What is the crisis all about? Political, ethical aspects? «Hidden crisis»?
- 2. Who are the actors, stakeholders; hidden agendas?
- 3. Key uncertainties, strategic challenges (short / medium / long term); How could the crisis develop (scenarios?)
- 4. Desired outcome, strategic options (short / medium / long term);
 Which mistakes should be prevented?
- 5. Key messages and vectors (internal, external, stakeholders with special needs)?

Patrick Lagadec et al: Implementing rapid reflection forces, Crisis Response, Vol. 3 Issue 2, 2007 / www.patricklagadec.net Updated togehter with Arjen Boin, Eric Stern, Bengt Sundelius in 2014 in the framework of the OECD HLRF

👽 Agenda

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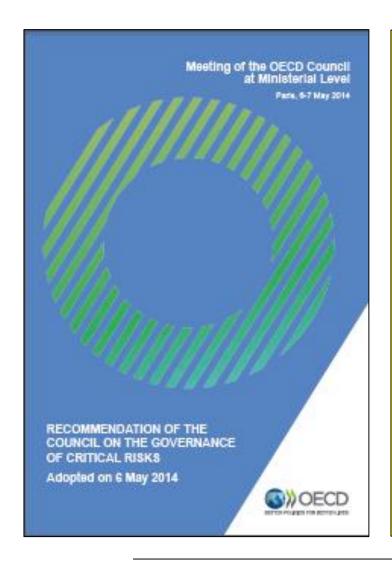
OECD High Level Risk Forum: Strategic Crisis Management Workshop





- 6 Conferences in Geneva since 2012 on different topics in Strategic Crisis Management
- 50 participants: Government (20+ countries), Academia, International Organizations, Multinational Companies
- Reports: http://www.oecd.org/gov/risk/crisis-management.htm

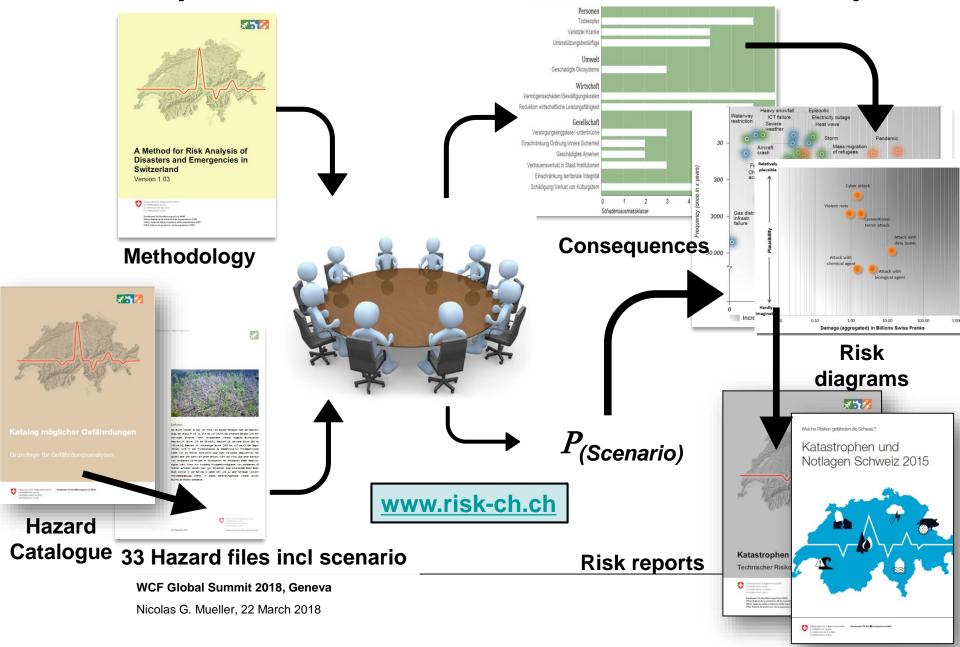
OECD Recommendations on Critical Risks



Chapter 4: Crisis Management

- Establish strategic crisis management capacities to prepare for unknown and unexpected crises;
- Strengthen crisis leadership, early detection and sense making capacity, and conduct exercises to support interagency and international co-operation;
- capacities to scale up emergency response capabilities to contend with crises that result from critical risks.

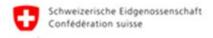
Example for Know-How Transfer: Nat'l Risk Report



NATO PfP Course: National Risk- & Crisis Mgmt







PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE

Federal Chancellery Federal Crisis Management Training

Federal Department of Defense, Civil Protection and Sport Federal Office of Civil Protection



- Need established with Margareta Wahlström, Director UNISDR in 2012
- Developed and set up 2012 2015,
 by the Federal Chancellery



- First 5-day course organized in 2016 with GCSP and IRGC
 Is now offered on a yearly basis by the Swiss Government
- Participants are senior staff in national risk- and crisis
 management. Only about 50% are from NATO PfP countries,
 participants from developing countries are also welcome

Pro-bono Consulting for Developing Countries

- Since 2007: pro bono consulting for several developing countries and NGOs
- Focus on national risk- and crisis management and strategic foresight
- Sharing of best practices and examples, counselling concerning specific risks, helping to improve methodology

Lesson:

- Developing countries have brilliant (young) people in their National Crisis Management
- Sharing best practices can have a huge impact to improve their National Crisis Mgmt
- → Lifes can be saved and Suffering is reduced



Lectures at the Geneva School of Diplomacy





- Since 2012: lectures, seminars and DIR thesis supervision
- Focus on national risk- and crisis management and strategic foresight
- Executive students are diplomats, UN senior staff or NGO managers → direct know-how transfer to governments or projects in developing countries

Questions?





Nicolas Mueller

Education:

- PhD Physicist / MBA Toronto & GEMBA St. Gallen
- Doctorate in Int'l Relations (GSD / Harvard Kennedy School ongoing)

Experience:

- 6 years **Research** in Laserengineering / Nanoscience
- 3 years ICRC Delegate (Afghanistan, Pakistan, Central Asia, Geneva)
- 4 years International Strategy- und Risk Management Consulting
- 3 years Project Manager in Information Operations Force
- Head Federal Crisis Management Training Center 2007-2016
- Member: WEF Advisory Board, OECD Steering Committee

Lecturing:

- Adjunct Professor in international Relations at the Geneva School of Diplomacy
- Dr. h.c. in international Relations (2013, UBIS)
- Colonel (General Staff) (Former Battalion Commander and Deputy Head of Operations, Swiss Land Forces)
- 49, married, 1 son (5 years), 1 daughter (4 years)